Fig.

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LOW-CARBOHYDRATE SWEETENER

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

This invention pertains to a low carbohydrate, low glycemic index, cane sugar- free sweetener comprising Lo Han Kuo Extract and Sucralose Liquid or Powder for use in an improved tasting ice cream, or as a sweetener for baked goods, candy, and beverages..

Prior art conventional ice creams are sweetened with about 7 to 29 wt. % of natural sugars i.e. cane sugar. They also contain about 10 wt. % or more of fats. Further, the total carbohydrate content of conventional ice cream is in the range of about 19 to 34 wt. %, and they have a glycemic index of about 68, or more. A standard portion of conventional ice cream i.e. ½ cup or 65 grams, has a calorie content about 200 to 300. People suffering from diabetes or who have weight problems are advised by their medical doctors to avoid eating conventional ice cream because of the detrimental effect it may have on their health.

Prior art ice cream formulations in which natural cane sugar is replaced by artificial sweeteners generally suffer from after taste problems including bitter nuances. Further, they lack the clean taste, palatability, firmness, melting, and overrun properties of the subject invention comprising a unique mixture of ingredients including a synergistic combination of non-nutritive sweeteners.

A sugar-less ice cream formula is described in U.S. Patent 4,675,200. While the ice cream product in said patent contains no sucrose, dextrose, fructose, or glucose, the sweetening and texture forming agent comprises polyols. There are no such materials in the cane sugar-free sweetener of the subject invention. U.S. Patent

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4,626,441 substitutes Aspartame (phenylketone) for conventional sweeteners, either alone or in admixture with a sweetener and a bulking agent. The unobvious and synergistic mixture of sweeteners present in the subject invention are not found in said references, nor in any other ice cream. Further, the improved taste and spoonability, alon with low total carbohydrates per serving, are unique with the ice-cream of the subject invention.

BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The subject sweetener comprising a synergistic mixture of Lo Han Kuo Extract and Sucralose Liquid is used to produce a unique low carbohydrate ice cream that is free from cane sugar. The Total Carbohydrate content of the ice cream is less than 16.1 wt. %, such as 13.6 wt.%, and the reduced calorie content is less than 1.8 calories per gram, such as 1.0 calorie per gram. The ice cream has an improved, clean, smooth taste and excellent spoonability. Softened ice cream product will become firm on being refrozen without the formation of ice crystals and without the loss of its excellent palatability and spoonability. A small synergistic amount of sweetener comprising about 0.014 to 0.018 wt % of Lo Han Kuo Extract and about 0.072 to 0.080 wt % of Sucralose Liquid is included in the ice cream. This amount converts to a weight ratio of Lo Han Kuo Extract / Sucralose Liquid in the range of about 0.19 to 0.23, such as about 0.21. Unexpectedly, a mixture of these two sweeteners in said weight ratio provides the ice cream product with an improved sweet, clean taste with no after taste. Small amounts of Glycerin (0.900 to 1.100 wt %) and CC305 (0.230 to 0.270 wt %) are included to emulsify and stabilize the product. Cream and skim milk are included to provide an overall butterfat content in the range of about 8.5 = 9.5 wt. %. Further, there are no vegetable oils, natural cane sugar or sugar alcohol, which are ordinarily found in conventional ice cream, in the subject ice cream product.

In another embodiment, the same synergistic weight ratio of Lo Han Kuo Extract / Sucralose Liquid as in the improved ice cream i.e. 0.21 is used as the

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sweetening agent in the manufacture of baked goods i.e. cake, candy, and beverages.

In another embodiment, a powdered sweetener is produced comprising Lo Han Kuo Extract and Sucralose Powder. In still another embodiment, this powdered sweetener is attenuated by mixing it with polydextrose powder..

It is therefore an object of the present invention to provide an improved cane sugarfree sweetener comprising a synergistic mixture of Lo Han Kuo Extract and Sucralose Liquid or Powder for use in a low carbohydrate ice cream, and in baked goods, candy, and beverages...

Yet another object of the present invention is to provide a natural sugar-free ice cream, which in comparison with conventional ice creams has improved taste, overrun properties, melting rate, firmness, palatability and spoonability.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

An improved liquid sweetener which comprises in weight percent:

Lo Han Kuo Extract	16.3 – 18.4, say about 17.4
Sucralose Liquid	83.7 - 81.6, say about 82.6

It was unexpectedly found that by the addition of a small amount of Lo Han Kuo Extract to Sucralose Liquid, the amount of Sucralose Liquid used to obtain the same sweetening effect of a tea spoon full of natural cane sugar may be considerably reduced. For example, the amount of Sucralose Liquid in the cane sugar free ice-cream mixture to be further described below, may be reduced from about 0.15 grams /100 grams of ice cream product to 0.075 grams /100 grams of ice-cream product, by adding about 0.016 grams of Lo Han Kuo Extract. This is unexpected because Lo Han Kuo Extract is a less potent sweetener than Sucralose. Sucralose has a sweetening effect of about 600 times that of cane sugar, whereas Lo

unexpected because Lo Han Kuo Extract is a less potent sweetener than Sucralose. Sucralose has a sweetening effect of about 600 times that of cane sugar, whereas Lo Han Kuo Extract has a sweetening effect of about 200 times that of cane sugar. Lo Han Kuo Extract and Sucralose Liquid will be further described below in connection with its preferred use in low carbohydrate ice cream.

An embodiment of the present invention is shown in Example 1 below, along with the preferred range and best mode for the ingredients in wt % for the improved low carbohydrate unflavored cane sugar-free ice cream having greater stability, palatability, and texture.

Example 1

Ingredients	Range	Best Mode	
Lo Han Kuo Extract	0.014 - 0.018	0,016	
Sucralose Liquid	0.072 - 0.080	0.076	
CC305	0.200 - 0.270	0.235	
Glycerin	0.900 - 1.100	1.000	
Polydextrose	9.000 - 10.050	9.525	
Whey Protein Concentrate	1.550 - 1.620	1.585	
Egg Yolk Solids	2.000 - 3.500	2.750	
Non fat Dry milk Solids	2.800 - 3.200	3.000	
Cream and Skim Milk	83.464 - 80.162	81.813	

The superiority of the present invention over other ice creams may be best shown by a tasting. It has an American Dairy Science Association standardized control panel of four to five. Conventional ice creams have a value of three at which point one can feel ice crystals in his or her mouth. Further a comparison of carbohydrates and calorie content readily show the advantages of the subject

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carbohydrates in the range of about 19 to 38 wt %, a calorie content in the range of about 200 to 300, and a glycemic index of over 68. In comparison, the improved subject ice cream has a maximum total carbohydrate content of 13.6 wt %, a milk fat content of less than 1.2 wt %, and a maximum calorie content of 1.8 calorie / gram.

The glycemic index of the subject ice-cream is in the range of 31 to 34. The glycemic index refers to the amount of insulin released by a given carbohydrate in reference to a standard such as sucrose or white bread. By being low glycemic, less insulin is released and less glucose is converted to adipose tissue i.e. fat. The glycemic indices of Lo Han Kuo Extract and Sucralose Liquid artificial sweeteners are less than those of glucose and sucrose. Since the inventive product is low glycemic, its use may be considered by diabetics and those who are trying to lose weight.

Low Han Kuo Extract is a Mogroside sweetener made from Momordica fruit and is a product of China Natural Products Group Inc. Saint Louis Missouri. It is provided as a powdered extract containing at least 80 wt % of Mogroside. The remainder comprises water, ash, and fiber. It has a particle size of NLT 90% through 80 mesh. Sucralose Liquid comprises an aqueous solution of sucralose micronized powder in the amount of 24.5 to 25.6 wt. %. The liquid concentrate is buffered to a Ph of 4.4 with sodium citrate / citric acid and preserved with potassium sorbate and sodium benzoate. Sucralose has the chemical formula of C₁₂ H₁₉ O₈ Cl₃. It is manufactured by "Mc Neil ". A comparatively small amount of the unique combination of sweeteners in the invention gives the ice cream a clean sweet taste. This is without the aftertaste that is commonly found with other sugar substitutes. The percentage and ratio of our combination of artificial sweeteners

provides a synergistic sweetening without side effects.

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CC305 (stabilizer) is introduced into the subject ice cream in the range of about 0.200 - 0.270 wt %. It is produced by "Continental Colloid Corporation", West Chicago, Illinois. This stabilizer helps to maintain the shelf life and overrun features of the ice cream product. It functions as a water binding and gelling agent. It controls the crystallization of the water in the ice cream mix, by binding with a portion of the water and preventing the formation of water crystals in the ice cream. The effect of low temperatures in the freezing and storing stages is thereby minimized even when the ice cream is melted and then refrozen. Smoothness and palatability of the product is thereby improved and maintained. This product comprises a mixture of Carragenan (Seaweed Extract), Guar Gum and Locust Bean Gum, for example equal parts of each.

Glycerin in the amount of 0.900 to 1.100 wt % is included as an emulsifier and to provide a smooth tasting ice cream with proper body and texture. It controls the degree of emulsification of the ice cream product and restricts the formation of ice crystals.

Polydextrose is included in the ice cream mix in the amount of 9.000 to 10.050 wt. % with Sucralose liquid, or 9.059 – 10.110 wt. % with Sucralose powder. It serves as a palatable bulking agent providing body and texture. Polydextrose is derived from sugar; but, it is not sugar and it is not sweet. Polydextrose is available as STA-LITE III from "Pfizer Chemical and Pharmaceutical Company". It has one calorie / gram, a number average molecular weight between about 1550 to 1750 and is highly branched. Polydextrose is not digested but excreted from the body. Accordingly, it is not classified as a carbohydrate or sugar. It has no diabetic effect on blood sugar.

Whey Protein Concentrate is present in the range of about 1.550 to 1.620 wt. %. Whey protein Concentrate is a byproduct of cheese making and contains about 80 wt. % protein. It binds water.

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Egg Yolk Solids in the range of about 2.000 to 3.500 wt. % is present as an emulsifier and to impart smoothness and flavor. This material comprises in wt. %, moisture about 3.5, fat about 56, protein about 13 and carbohydrate about 10.

Non Fat Dry Milk Solids are present in the amount of about 2.800 to 3.200 wt. % to provide solids and flavoring. It is obtained by driving off all of the water from the milk. It comprises in wt. %, protein about 34.9, fat about 0.58 and the remainder lactose.

Cream from cow milk and Skim cow milk are provided in the total amount of about 83.464 – 80.162 wt. %. The total of these two ingredients provide an overall butter fat content in the range of about 8.0 to 9.5 wt. %. Depending on their butter fat content, for example, cream may be present in the range of about 26.734 to 15.302 wt. % and skim milk in the range of about 56.730 to 64.860 wt. %. The skimmed cow milk is a suspension agent and provides body and flavor.

Skim milk has a butterfat content of less than 1.0 wt. %, and cream has butterfat content in the range of about 30 to 42 wt. %.

Flavoring may be added to the basic ice cream mix in an amount in the range of about 4.8 to 22.4 ml of flavoring per liter of basic ice-cream mix, for example as follows:

Vanilla-2 fold Bourbon vanilla extract of Lochead Vanilla-19.8-22.4 ml/liter basic ice-cream mix.

Chocolate-Hershey's European Cocoa powder-23-23.5 gms/liter unpasteurized basic ice-cream mix.

Almond-VanLab #9968 Almond Flavor-4.8-5.8 ml/ liter of basic ice-cream mix. Coffee- VanLab # 9969 Coffee Flavor — 19-20 ml/ liter of basic ice-cram mix.

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Low microbial counts for the flavored ice-cream is shown in Table 1 below. Colony forming unit is designated by the term cfu, and standard plate count is represented by the term SPC.

Table 1

Microbial Counts for Flavored Ice Cream

Flavor	Coliform cfu/ml	SPC cfu/ml	Yeast & Mold 3 day cfu/ml
Vanilla	<1	110	<1
Chocolate	<1	70	<1
Almond	<1	70	<1
Coffee	<1	100	<1

In another embodiment, the same synergistic weight ratio of Lo Han Kuo Extract / Sucralose Liquid i.e. about 0.21 is used to replace the sweetening agent in the manufacture of baked goods i.e. cake , and to make candy and beverages i.e. coffee, tea, and carbonated water.. In the manufacture of cane sugar-free baked goods i.e. cake and candy, the amount of Sucralose is thereby reduced while the taste is improved .

In still another embodiment, the Sucralose liquid in the aforesaid formula, is replaced by Sucralose micronized powder, while maintaining the same Lo Han Kuo to Sucralose ratio. Sucralose Powder comprises about 98 to 100, say about 99.9 wt. % of Sucralose. In comparison, Sucralose liquid comprises about 24.5 to 25.6 wt. %

of Sucralose. The particle size of micronized Sucralose powder is such that 90% is less than 12 microns. It is produced by Mc Neil. The low carbohydrate sweetener comprises in wt. %, about 45.6 – 45.8, or 45.7 of powdered Lo Han Kuo Extract and about 54.4 – 54.2, or 54.3 of powdered Sucralose. The wt. ratio of Lo Han Kuo Extract to Sucrolose in the product is in the range of about 0.81 to 0.84

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The improved low carbohydrate unflavored cane sugar-free ice-cream made with the aforesaid all powder sweetener of Lo Han Kuo Extract and Sucralose Powder (99.9 wt.% Sucralose) is shown in Example 2 below in wt %.

Example 2.

Range	Best Mode
0.014 - 0.018	0.016
0.018 - 0.020	0.019
0.200 - 0.270	0.235
0.900 - 1.100	1.00
9.059 10.110	9.582
1.550 - 1.620	1.585
2.000 - 3.500	2.750
2.800 - 3.20	3.00
83.464 - 80.162	81.813
	0.014 - 0.018 0.018 - 0.020 0.200 - 0.270 0.900 - 1.100 9.059 10.110 1.550 - 1.620 2.000 - 3.500 2.800 - 3.20

In still another embodiment, the aforesaid sweetener is attenuated by `mixing it with polydextrose e.g. Sta-Lite III. The wt. ratio of Lo Han Kuo Extract to Sucralose in the product is about 0.84. This low carbohydrate weekened sweetener may be used to sweeten beverages e.g. coffee, tea, and carbonated water, as well as in the manufacture of baked goods e.g. cake and cookies, and candy. It comprises in wt. %:

Ingredient	Range	Best Mode	
Lo Han Kuo Extract	2.74 - 1.83	2.29	
Sucralose Powder.	3.26 - 2.17	2.71	THE THE STREET AND THE STREET
Polydextrose	94.00 - 96.00.	95.00	

METHOD OF PREPARATION

The preparation of the ice cream product in accordance with the present invention employs conventional processing equipment including a mixer. pasteurizer, homogenizer, and freezer. The ingredients are weighed out and added to the skim milk held at a temperature in the range of about $31.1 - 48.9^{\circ}$ C, say about 38.0° C with intermittent stirring. At this time, there is no whipping of air into the product. The ingredients are added to and dissolve in the warm milk in the following order: (1) Whey Protein Concentrate, (2) Nonfat Dry Milk, (3) Egg Yolk Solids, (4) Polydextrose, (5) Glycerine, (6) CC305 and (7) Lo Han Kuo Extract mixed with Sucralose Liquid or Powder.

With the addition of Cream, the unflavored basic ice cream mix is pumped through a high temperature short time (HTST) pasteurizer. There its temperature is raised to about 82.3° C for a holding period in the range of about 60 - 80 seconds so as to kill all of the pathogenic organisms and to activate the ingredients.

The pasteurized ice cream mix is then put through two stages of homogenization within 8 - 12 seconds. To make chocolate ice cream, cocoa powder is added to the ice cream mix prior to homogenization. A Gaylan homogenizer may be used. The first homogenization stage takes place at a temperature in the range of about $46.1 - 51.7^{\circ}$ C., say about 48.9 deg. C., and a pressure in the range of about 33.2 - 36.8 kg. per square cm., say about 35.0 kg. per square cm.. The second stage takes place immediately after the first stage at a temperature in the range of about 46.1 - 51.7 deg. C., say about 48.9° C. and a pressure in the range of about 86.5 - 95.6 kg. per square cm., say about 91.0 kg. per square cm. After homogenization, the ice cream mix is stored in a holding tank for about 12 - 48 hrs, say about 30 hrs. at a temperature in the range of about $4.4 - 7.2^{\circ}$ C.. say about 5.6° C., and at atmospheric pressure.

From the holding tank the ice cream mix is passed through a continuous freezer where it is cooled to a temperature in the range of about -3.3 to -1.1 0 C .say about -2.2 deg. C. while it is aerated and whipped so that its volume is increased in the range of about 80 -110 volume percent, such as about 90-100 volume %, and preferably 100 volume percent or more.

This increase in volume of the ice cream is also referred to as overrun. For example, an ice cream product leaving the freezer with double the volume that it had when it entered the freezer has and overrun of 100 %. In order to obtain the desired product in terms of texture, mouth feel and smoothness, a 100% overrun is desired.

All flavors with the exception of chocolate are introduced into the ice cream mix immediately prior to entering the continuous freezer. On the other hand, chocolate flavor is incorporated in the ice cream mix before the pasteurization stage.

Various modes of carrying out the invention are contemplated as being within the scope of the following claims, particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which is regarded as the invention.